

RAILROAD NEWS.

THE MAON, DUBLIN AND SAVANNAH IT IS NOW.

With a Prospect of Going Right on to Savannah—American to Jacksonville—The South Bound.

There was filed in the office of the secretary of state yesterday, to be recorded, the resolutions adopted recently by the directors of the Macon and Dublin.

The name is changed to the Macon, Dublin and Savannah. The road is to be extended from Dublin to Tatum, county, by the most feasible and direct line, through the counties of Laurens, Montgomery, Emanuel, Bulloch, Tattnall, Bryan and Chatham to near Savannah.

The work of extension will be pushed rapidly.

A road is projected to run from Americus to Jacksonville.

The American Times says: Those who are interested have let no grass grow under their feet, and have about got things in shape for the accomplishment of their project. Negotiations are now pending with a corps of civil engineers which, if secured, is to make a survey of the proposed route and report as soon possible. The projectors of the road have taken a map, placed a rule on it and marked a straight line from Americus to Jacksonville. Instructions will be issued to the engineers to follow that line just as near as it is possible. An application will be made to the next general assembly for a charter for the road.

The South Bound. At a meeting of the Savannah Construction Company, held a few days ago, reports were presented by Chief Engineer Wadley and General Manager Brown. Mr. Wadley reported that two preliminary lines had been run to Columbia and one to Barnwell, and that the engineering corps is now on the line from Blackville to Columbia. All the preliminary lines will be completed this week. The 100 tons of steel rails recently received will be shipped to the right of way this week, and track-laying commenced at the Central railroad crossing. The two locomotives to be used in the work of construction will reach here about September 20th, and the cars for that service will arrive on October 1st. Two new locomotives for the regular business of the company have been ordered from the Baldwin Locomotive Works.

The board instructed the chief engineer to survey the route from the Central railroad crossing to the company's depot grounds in the city. General Manager Brown made a report in regard to the action of the authorities of the city of Columbia giving rights of way. He also reported that the people of Allendale had increased their subscriptions to \$8,000, provided the railroad made that place one of its stations. The entire business of the construction company is progressing very satisfactorily, and the work of building the South Bound is being pushed with the greatest energy.

New Depots. Mayor D. W. Simmons, of Cave Spring, writes the railroad commission that the depot ordered to be built there is completed now. Grading is now being done for a new depot at Powder Spring, ordered to be put there by the commission. The carpenters will start to work Monday.

Important M. and N. G. Extensions. The Marietta and North Georgia railroad will build a line into Chattahoochee very soon, going down the Hiwassee and passing down near Cleveland. It is the purpose of the present owners to build a road from above Knoxville a short distance on to Bristol. This will make the line by this route to New York, via Shenandoah Valley, fifty miles shorter than it is now.

DISGUSTED PASSENGERS. Who Make a Tour of North Carolina to Get to Atlanta.

The passengers who came in on the Richmond and Danville railroad yesterday were loud in their complaints. In fact, all the week there has been great dissatisfaction among passengers and shippers of freight by this route.

On last Friday there was a very serious accident on the Danville division, at the Yadkin river bridge. But few people knew the extent of it. The regular trains have been diverted to Greensboro, and go over the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley to Sanford, N. C., then over the Augusta and Raleigh to Hamlet, N. C., and thence over the North Carolina Central to Charlotte. Passengers and freight going north go over the same route, therefore it is hard to find out how much damage has been done, and when it will be repaired.

It is rumored that thirty-five freight cars are scattered in and along the Yadkin river where the main line of the Richmond and Danville crosses, and that the bridge and trestle are down, and that it will take two weeks to get it so it will be safe for another train to pass over it.

The present route around through North Carolina is ruinous to the railroad. The trains are from fifteen to eighteen hours behind time, there is no provision to feed passengers, and very little attention is paid to their wants. Several of the passengers are well satisfied he did not know his own name. They nearly lost their patience when they found him at Hamlet at the hotel eating his dinner, when he would not tell them whether they would have time to eat or not, and had to depend entirely on the ambiguous lunch wrapped in a dirty paper to satisfy their hunger. There was no water in canteens for cars, and for hours and days train hands were waiting for orders for hours. There was no ice during the whole day and no effort to get any.

The feeling of the passengers was very bitter against the line, and men from Mississippi, Texas and Alabama said they would tell their people know of the treatment they received.

Eighteen Hours Behind. The train on the Air-Line yesterday was eighteen hours behind time. It should have arrived at 9:40 o'clock Wednesday night and came in about 2 o'clock yesterday. It came to Charlotte fourteen hours behind time, and after leaving, ran into a land slide near the 107-mile mark; the engine was badly injured, and also the mail car. All the cars in the train were more or less injured, but could be used. As soon as the conductor ascertained the damage he started a train hand on a run to Westminster, to get a freight engine, and a freight engine, and returned. In three hours the conductor had the train cleared, the mail transferred and the train started for Atlanta. He also kindly telegraphed for arrangements to feed his passengers, and at Lula ample lunch was on hand for the hungry passengers.

The Western and Atlantic and McKenzie have gotten out a handsome new folder advertising their fall and winter business, and the advantages of their line to points in Texas, Arkansas, Kansas and Missouri.

Steve Johnston returned from a business trip to Cincinnati yesterday.

Mr. Fred D. Bush, agent of the Louisville and Nashville, returned yesterday from Virginia in company with Mrs. Bush, whom he placed in school here. Mrs. Bush is still in Virginia.

A LADY'S PURSE.

She Drops It in a Car and a Man Picks It Up—Refuses to Return It.

Twenty-three dollars awaits an owner at the station house.

It belongs to a lady who reached Atlanta Wednesday evening on the Western and Atlantic train, but what her name is is not positively known. It is thought, however, that she is a Mrs. Harvey, of Raleigh, N. C.

The money was lost in the passenger coach by the lady, and picked up by Charles Davis, another passenger. Captain Thompson recovered the money yesterday morning, and now holds it subject to the owner's call.

Wednesday evening the lady dropped her pocketbook containing her trunk check and railroad ticket to Raleigh in the car, as she was getting off in the union depot. She discovered the loss in a few moments and ran back to the car.

Two other ladies who had not yet gotten off the car started to her that they had seen a man pick up something by the side of the seat which she had been occupying. The man had disappeared, however, and it was only by a coincidence that he was found again.

The three ladies all went to the Metropolitan hotel to spend the night. In the office there they met Davis and his wife.

He was at once identified by the ladies as the man who dropped the pocketbook. He stoutly denied all knowledge of the affair, however, but soon after being shown to his room came down again and took back to his wife the money.

There he threw the pocketbook down, leaving it in the trunk and the railroad ticket. The purse was found soon after by some of the porters and returned to the lady at the Metropolitan.

The matter was then reported to the police. Early yesterday morning Captain Thompson went to the station and arrested Davis. He was brought to the station house, and after a great deal of denying finally admitted having found the pocketbook, taking the money out and then going back to the depot and throwing it down.

In company with Captain Thompson he went to the platform in the rear of the hotel and took back to his wife the money. He had hid it there the night before. The balance he had given to his wife, who turned it also over to the officer.

The lady who had the money had in the meantime left on the early train for Raleigh. Captain Thompson telegraphed ahead to the conductors of the trains she would likely take, but so far no answer has been received.

Davis was released without prosecution, and he and his wife left the city yesterday.

ICE CREAM AND CAKE.

Served Last Night at Railroad Christian Association.

The hall of the Railroad Men's Christian Association, at 605 South Broad street, was crowded last night, the occasion being the opening reception of the season.

The rooms have been made much more attractive by papering the walls and removing one of the partitions, enabling the association to comfortably seat 250 people. The stage has been enlarged, and Mr. W. C. Wall, chairman of the entertainment committee, has painted some fine scenery.

The reception room floor is tastefully carpeted, as are also the aisles in the hall.

The audience was large and enthusiastic. Captain E. S. Gay made one of his characteristic happy speeches, which was received with hearty expression of approval by the audience.

Miss Sue Bellie made a recitation so charmingly that she was accorded a hearty encore.

Mr. Frank Mass, of the Richmond and Danville, recited a humorous piece which excited the risibilities of the audience.

Miss Alice King rendered a vocal solo that was encored. Miss Fannie Cleveland also recited to the approval of the audience.

Tom Rowland, of the Richmond and Danville, favored the audience with a duet, which he rendered on the harmonica and guitar. He was applauded, and sang his famous tramp song.

Miss Mary Evans also rendered an attractive feature to the programme in a beautiful recitation.

Refreshments were served by a committee of young ladies and gentlemen. Cakes and ice cream, in overwhelming abundance, made up a very interesting part of the evening's programme.

The crowd remained until a late hour, and every one voted entertainment No. 1 a great success.

BATTALION DRILL.

Colonel Calhoun, with His Staff and the Full Battalion, Out.

The Fourth Georgia battalion held its second drill last night.

The drill was held on the new capital grounds, which were illuminated by electric lights and well prepared for the occasion.

Colonel Calhoun, with his entire staff, was on hand and took an interest in the drill. A large crowd, including a number of ladies, was gathered on the capital grounds to witness the drill, and everybody enjoyed it.

The Atlanta Rifles, under the command of Captain Spencer; the Gate City Guard, six fours, under Captain Sneed, and the Zouaves, four fours, commanded by Captain Hollis.

Before the battalion was formed the Rifles and Guard gave exhibition drills, which were enjoyed.

In the battalion drill all the companies showed off to fine advantage. The members of the newly appointed staff are brushing up, and in last night's maneuvers showed decided improvement. The companies are also becoming more familiar with the battalion movements.

WEST END NOTES.

Mrs. S. Y. Jameson and children have gone on a month's visit to relatives in Westminster, S. C.

Colonel and Mrs. Abbott and Miss Fannie Abbott have returned home, after a visit of several weeks to Danville, Va., where they were engaged in covered from his recent illness, and is at his post again.

Miss Alice McGee has a flourishing little school near Stanton's springs. Pupils are increasing, and she is delighted at the progress made so far and the prospects of her success in the future. Miss McGee is a worthy young lady, and deserves encouragement and liberal patronage she is receiving.

Frequent complaints are made by ladies on the street cars at the custom allowing men and boys occupying the platforms to puff smoke into the cars and into an offensive "fog" for a nickel cigar, cigarette or an antiquated pipe whose odor indicates that it is a relic of the revolutionary war that has been handed down from generation to generation. It is useless to have a rule to prevent smoking; inside the car and allow these parties to puff smoke into the car inside with smoke. If they must smoke on the car, let them be better to go outside and smoke out, as Colonel Miller says he would like to do on one occasion in regard to another matter when he was on a sailing match.

It would be well to have a rule "No smoking on the cars."

"Papa," said mamma, "bring home a box of Bull's Worm Candy." She meant Dr. Bull's Worm Candy, but the children call it candy and papa knew what she wanted.

Bowden Lithia is a pure natural Lithia water. Ask for VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA—Take no other.

The Excelsior Springs, Mo., Waters are sold only in bottles, never in bulk. Agency at Hoyt & Thorne's. wed-fri-sun 3m

PERSONAL.

DANIEL & PENDERGAST, painters, wall paper, window shades, 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

DANIEL & PENDERGAST, real estate agents, 4 East Atlanta street, solicits your patronage.

DR. NORRIS has moved his office and residence to No. 38 South Pryor street, corner Fall street. 951m

MR. GEORGE HOYLE left last Monday for Birmingham, N. C., to attend school.

MR. JAMES M. JOHNSON, who has been connected with Harris & Nutting for some time in the fire insurance business, has been admitted to a partnership. The style of the insurance firm in future will be Harris, Nutting & Co.

JAMES PERLEY, of Greenville, S. C., after a visit to Atlanta, has returned home.

MR. E. G. JONES has returned from southwest Georgia, where he has been visiting relatives and friends.

Chronic Inflammation of the Bladder is promptly cured by the Excelsior Springs, Mo., waters. wed-fri-sun 3m

Beckham's Pills cure bilious and nervous disorders.

UNIVERSITY MEN.

THE TRUSTEES HOLD A MEETING AT THE KIMBALL.

To Discuss the Condition of the Agricultural College. The Trustees Defer the Alumni Committee to Meet.

The university trustees met last night in room 104 of the Kimball house.

The following members of the board were present: Dr. H. V. M. Miller, vice president, and Hon. N. J. Hammond, of Atlanta; ex-Governor McDaniel, of Monroe; Governor John B. Gordon; Colonel D. B. Hamilton, of Rome; Mr. P. A. Stovall, of Augusta; W. W. Thomas, of Athens; A. L. Hull, secretary, of Athens; Hon. A. T. McIntyre, of Thomasville; Hon. B. P. Hollis, of Americus, and Colonel W. C. Brown, of Savannah.

Chancellor W. E. Boggs and Dr. Harry White were also present, representing the faculty of the university.

The purpose of the meeting was to arrive at such ways and means as will lead to a larger scope generally of the university, and especially to enlarge the facilities of agricultural training at the college.

This department of the college has been seriously neglected for many years by the state, and the trustees have been concerned as to what should be done with it.

The meeting last night was chiefly consumed in discussions. No plans were formulated as to the achievement of a wider field for training in the department of practical agriculture.

A COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

A committee was appointed to further investigate ways and means of accomplishing this end.

The committee will report to the next meeting of the board of trustees, which has been called to meet in Atlanta on the third Thursday in October.

The main object of the meeting was thus deferred until the trustees meet again.

"Rock College," which is the place of the old agricultural school at Athens, has been abandoned and left vacant for many years. It is to be hoped that the trustees may hit upon such a plan as will make this department of the University of Georgia regain its former prestige.

THE ALUMNI TODAY.

The committee on endowment from the State Alumni Society will meet today at 2 o'clock.

The committee is the one appointed by Hon. P. W. McDaniel, of Savannah, pursuant to the instructions of a meeting held at Athens last commencement.

Following are the names on that committee: C. H. Phinizy, Augusta; W. A. Hemphill, Atlanta; Captain Henry Jackson, Atlanta; H. H. Calaniss, Atlanta; J. H. Rucker, Athens; Hon. C. L. Bartlett, Macon; A. R. Lawrence, of Savannah; N. W. Williams, Columbus, and Judge Howard Van Epps, Atlanta.

Judge Van Epps, who is temporary chairman of the committee, has issued a call for members to meet today, at 2 o'clock, in the chambers of the judge of the city court.

Chancellor Boggs and Dr. White will remain to attend the meeting of the alumni committee.

PARAGRAPHIC PENCILINGS.

Bellamy's "Looking Backward" is a charming speculation, but as he himself confesses is largely fanciful. In so far as it has any scientific basis it is borrowed from Herbert Spencer, but the latter author would repudiate the quick march that Bellamy makes of the revolution of social evolution. As The Boston Transcript said in one of the earlier criticisms of the book: "The time allowed for his marvelous industrial and social transformation is too short by a millennium."

His attempt by historical references to strengthen his position is exceedingly futile, not to say foolish. His indirect reference to French revolution is in point. In its last analysis the reign of terror was a bare riot—the free circulation of grain was one of the popular demands and Neckers' issue of assignments was intended to relieve the pressure on the masses. Nearly 100 years have passed by, and yet the French peasant is as sorely pressed for substantial food as the Scotch crofter or the Irish tenant.

So of Italian unification. This political aspiration antedates the crusades and was the favorite fancy of Savonarola and Rienzi. Before Lutheranism reformation. Whether the empire that Victor Emmanuel established will survive for another half score of years is a difficult problem.

Just as the great geological movements are so sudden and not causing the social changes that Bellamy predicts will be slow in their development. The coral insect of the south seas builds cupinets and islands by the "minutest accretions of persevering labor," and there is no short cut or royal road from savagery to an Augustan imperialism.

It follows inevitably that before the Utopia which he depicts can possibly materialize, these must be the downfall of dynasties, but the death of races. Any conceivable world-wide civilization must be preceded by the extinction of the millions of China, of a lesser number of misshapen African and nomadic Indian tribes. The law of the survival of the fittest must needs have centuries for its work of elimination.

The Great Teacher asked: "Can a man gather grapes of thorns or figs of thistles?" As readily might this be done as by any trick of legislation to evolve a high civilization in the midst of a horde of Calmuck Tartars or amongst the negroes of Dahomey, who worship God in the form of a serpent.

Let us not be charged with pessimism because we refuse to accept the optimistic fancies of Bellamy and kindred writers. We are not skeptical as to the upward trend of civilization amongst the Aryan races. But when we remember that it required 500 years to rid England of the rotten borough system of representation; that Germany, with her universities and common schools, is still wedded to medieval policies, we are far from believing that the twentieth century will witness the dream of a political and social millennium on this western continent. And yet we do not see what special harm can come of reading Bellamy's "Looking Backward," if the reader will bear in mind that it is not the product of philanthropic statesmanship, but only a better specimen of that sensational literature which floods the book markets.

But for the sake of it, if from no higher motive, don't dabble in such erratic stuff as Tolstoy's "Kreutzer Sonata." We must strain a point to vote with Wamamaker for its exclusion from the mails, but this would only quadruple the sale. We all have somewhat of the perverseness of Mother Eve in hankering after forbidden fruit.

In a talk with Wallace Reed, of The Constitution staff, about Randolph of Roanoke, he told us a good one that we have never seen in our miscellaneous reading.

Randolph was an honored guest at a select dinner party, and nearly opposite him sat the late Chief Justice Parsons, of Massachusetts, then a bright lad of sixteen summers.

In the run of the evening he said to young Parsons: "Mr. Parsons, are you a descendant of Parsons, the Jew?" The youth colored to his eyebrows, and with a voice but slightly tremulous, responded in a clear tone: "Mr. Randolph, I am neither the descendant of a bigot nor of a savage." For once the great Virginian was floored, and amidst the ringing laughter of the other guests, in which he joined himself most heartily, he bowed gracefully to the brave lad, and henceforth took him into his confidence and into his circle of friends.

We are sorry to note in recent magazine literature the frequent juxtaposition of the

names of Wendell Phillips and Daniel Webster. Beyond the fact that they were both natives of New England, they were utterly unlike morally, politically and intellectually. Phillips belonged to the same school of abolitionists with Gerrit Smith and William Lloyd Garrison. He despised the union and hated the constitution, whilst Webster was the unflinching defender of one and the other.

Phillips had in his latter years quite a fancy for kicking the dead lion of Marshall.

One of the bitterest diatribes that ever fell from the lips of a platform speaker was delivered by Phillips against Webster when his (Webster) clarion voice was still in death. It was none the less reprehensible because he injected into his speech many compliments to the transcendent ability of the great statesman.

Phillips was a first-class stump orator with a bit of the bulldozing spirit of the present speaker of the house of representatives. Such a combination of qualities is rare, but where it exists it is not easy to head off its fortunate possessor. Phillips at one time shut the door of Faneuil hall in the face of Webster, and Read only the other day paralyzed the "plumed knight" by a largely increased congressional majority.

Now that our old friend, Judge Richard H. Clark, has settled the question as to the authorship of "Roxin the Bean," will some one else give us rest as to who killed Cock Robin? or the graver problem, who wrote the Junius letters? The last named question has never been satisfactorily answered. The Sir Philip Francis theory was thought to have adjudicated the issue finally, but every few years some new "Daniel comes to judgment," and the decision is reversed, or at least a new trial granted. Why might not some advanced medium rap up the spirit of the departed clerk of the war department and get the desired information? Willen this subject of hard questions, what will you do with the question of Joseph's daughter? Did the old time Hobrow judge play the role of Virginian, and slay her outright, or was she doomed to perpetual virginity—a fate to a Jewish maiden worse than death. And then, Samson's riddle, the solution of which was filched from him by a harlot, and which, we understand, was the subject matter of a recent sermon in this city.

And then, but not lastly, who is the senatorial nominee for this district? Is it Venable or Todd? We suppose the ballot box must decide between Dr. Sewall and Colonel Bray. We might swell the list to thousands, such as who was Melchisedek? Who was the man who wore the horn mask? Who was Blennerhassett? Was he really, as Wirt alleged, the negro of Ireland? Moreover, who struck Billy Patterson? There is evidently no lack of material for the village debating societies. At the same time our city literary clubs may tackle the query whether Bacon wrote Shakespeare, and whether Robert Browning or Joaquin Miller is the greater poet?

Meanwhile, the Atlanta Philosophic Society may define more clearly the distinction between the "noumena" and the "phenomena," or grapple with the ponderous question, whether the three-toed Hippus of the tertiary age was the veritable progenitor of Salvador, who broke the record a few days since at Monmouth park. The long nights are at hand, and these and sundry other questions must be settled, for the sake of a long-suffering public. Vive la bagatelle.

W. J. S.

WILL BUILD A FINE HOME.—Mr. F. M. Fairlie has purchased from Mr. F. K. McDaniel a lot on Peachtree street 230x300 ft., facing Mr. Henry Leonard's place. Mr. Fairlie will build upon the lot a handsome residence.

NEW QUARTERS.—The Grady Cadets have rented quarters in the Centennial building. The new army will be housed in the old quarters. Last night the company held its first meeting in the new quarters.

COLONEL WADDELL TO SPEAK.—J. O. Wadell, president of the State Agricultural Society, has been invited to deliver an address upon the occasion of the Talbotton cattle and horse show, to be held at Talbotton the last of this month or about the 1st of October. He has consented to do so.

"I am interested in all these county fairs," said Colonel Wadell yesterday. "It encourages the raising of fine stock and the adoption of progressive methods in farming, and then they all contribute towards the success of the state fair in Macon."

The earlier symptoms of dyspepsia, such as indigestion, heartburn, and occasional headaches, should not be neglected. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla if you wish to be cured of dyspepsia.

Chronic Inflammation of the Bladder is promptly cured by the Excelsior Springs, Mo., waters. wed-fri-sun 3m

Lamar's Diarrhoea Mixture is a 25-cent preparation, and comes within the reach of all.

THE LEADERS!

E. & B.

WHOLESALE

FINE WHISKIES.

A large shipment just received. With every pair of Shoes we will give a Useful Present.

All Shoes Warranted to Give Satisfaction.

JOHN M. MOORE,

Bluthenthal & Bickart,

83 Peachtree Street.

46-50 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

July 1 day

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD

Schedule in effect December 1st, 1889.

SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Atlanta 8:00 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:00 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:00 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:00 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:00 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:00 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:00 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:00 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:00 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:00 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:00 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:00 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:00 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:00 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:00 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:00 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:00 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:00 p. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:00 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:00 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:00 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 6

Kidneys.

the human economy per-
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kept pure unless the
act has been cut down
because the kidneys
the blood was thereby
poisoned and diseased.
The kidneys are danger
promptly healed and

and Buchu

and acts promptly on
and whole urinary tract
menstrual can be furnished
its virtues.

Following:
various patent medi-
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results than any other
mened it to those in need
Bladder and Urinary
the best diuretic com-
T. B. R. K. G.
Greensboro, Ga.
trial

RADAM'S
MICROBE
KILLER.

the Greatest Discovery
of the Age.

BUT THE REMEDY
DISCOVERED.

WITHOUT FAIL

IN ASTHMA, HAY FEVER,

BRONCHITIS, DYSPYPSIA,

ULCER, DIABETES,

DISEASE,

PHLEBITIS AND CHILLS.

and Functional Disease.

of this Medicine are in

CASES!

containing One Gallon,
two—a small investment
can be obtained.

Microbe Killer" Free.

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Agent, 43 South Broad

at 100 Richardson Street

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USE AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE NEW

COOK BOOK

Containing 1000 Recipes

and 1000 Illustrations

and 1000 Recipes

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DR. ROACH DEAD.

AFTER A BRIEF ILLNESS AN OLD
CITIZEN PASSES AWAY.

One of the Pioneers of this Progressive
City, and One Who Leaves Behind
Him a Name and Fame.

Dr. E. J. Roach is dead.
This announcement will prove a shock to
the thousands of friends in the city and else-
where who knew and loved him.

Only three days ago he was on the streets,
the picture of health and activity, attending to
his professional duties.

At 3:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon he passed
from life to a deathless eternity.

He had been a little unwell, but was not so
ill as to be compelled to take his bed until
Tuesday morning.

The insidious disease, congestion of the

bowels, had, however, taken a deeper hold on
his system than he or any of his friends sup-
posed.

Quite a number of eminent physicians were
called in, and all that medical skill could do
to alleviate his sufferings was done.

The tender and loving hands of skillful
nurses administered to every want; but the
work of the physicians, the care of the attend-
ants and the prayers of those who loved him
were all of no avail.

Yesterday morning the fact became known
that he was in a critical condition, and friends
flocked to his bedside to offer every possible
assistance. It was a pathetic sight to see the
heads of families of which he had been the
trusted physician for many long years, hover-
ing around his couch of suffering and with
tear-dimmed eyes, murmuring prayers for his
recovery.

He lingered until twenty minutes to 4
o'clock, when he passed peacefully away, sur-
rounded by his family and the friends who
had known him so long, and who loved and re-
spected him so well.

His EARLY LIFE.

Dr. Roach was born in Somerset county,
Md., on May 9th, 1833.

His father died when he was but eight years
old, and his boyhood was spent in a brave and
successful struggle with the exigencies of life.

After he had graduated as a physician, and
shortly after attaining his majority, he came to
this city, in 1854, and since that time has been
a citizen of Atlanta.

At the breaking out of the war he was one
of the first to offer his services, and was elected
regimental surgeon of the Eighteenth Georgia.
Colonel Woodford commanding, and accom-
panied that brave and honored regiment to
Petersburg, Va., where he participated in
those campaigns that form the brightest pages
in the history of southern chivalry.

He was soon promoted to the position of
brigade surgeon, which promotion was speedily
followed by an office still higher honor and
trust, that of division surgeon, under General
Hood.

After serving faithfully in that capacity for
many weary months, he marched with the
army to Gettysburg, and was present during
that fearful holocaust when the star of the
confederacy sank in the bloody mist of death
and disaster.

Returning he was assigned to duty at the
Floyd House hospital, in Macon, where he did
noble service, to which many an old veteran will
testify, who was compelled to seek refuge within
the walls of that temporary asylum during the
last throes of the confederacy.

His OFFICIAL CAREER.

Dr. Roach, when he first came to Atlanta,
was young, sanguine and public-spirited, one
of those men who are always welcome in a
young and growing city.

In 1858 he was elected treasurer of the city
council, a position which he held with honor
and credit until he shouldered his knapsack
and went forth to serve his country in another
capacity.

After the war he returned to Atlanta, and
was elected city physician, for the entire city,
in 1867, which position he filled for three
years.

That was before the city was laid off into
wards, and the onerous duties of his office were
all performed to the eminent satisfaction of
the city government and the people at large.

In 1880 he was elected a member of the legis-
lature, and Fulton county never had an hon-
orable son more devoted to his country.

Previous to this time, in 1872, when the
board of education was first organized, he was
elected a member.

This position he held for eighteen years, and
prior to his death he was re-elected for a
term of six years. He was recently elected
president of the board, and these civic
honors, heaped upon him, one after another,
give some idea of the confidence reposed in
his ability and trustworthiness by the people of
Atlanta, with whom he has been identified as
an official and a citizen for so long a time.

His DOMESTIC LIFE.

In 1853, the year after he came to the city,
he was wedded to Miss Ellen Mitchell, the
beautiful and accomplished daughter of Hon.
A. Weldon Mitchell, one of the oldest citizens
of Atlanta.

Their wedded life was the realization of a
perfect dream of domestic happiness. His
eldest son, Dr. E. W. Roach, has been his
partner in the practice of his profession for
some time. The eldest daughter is Mrs. Mary
Shay of the city, whose home is in Grisdale, Md.

Miss Aurelia Roach, his second daughter, is
a teacher in the first grade of the girls' high
school. Five other children survive him, with
the bereaved wife and mother, to whom the
sympathies of the entire city go out in consola-
tion.

His SECRET ORDER AFFILIATIONS.

Dr. Roach was a member of Capital City
Lodge, Independent Order Odd Fellows, and
took a prominent part in the exercises on Sat-
urday night last. He became a member of
the order just prior to his leaving Maryland,
thirty-seven years ago, and was one of the old-
est Odd Fellows in the city.

He was a member of Gate City Lodge, Free
and Accepted Masons, a Royal Arch Mason of
fifteen years' standing, and was one of the trust-
ed and most earnest members of that fraternity
in the city.

Besides these, he was a member of the Royal
Arcanum and of the National Union.

Dr. Roach has been long a member of the
Second Baptist church, and there was not a

more steadfast or more devoted Christian in
Atlanta than he.

The funeral will occur on Saturday. His
sister in Philadelphia, and his daughter in
Maryland, have been telegraphed for, and the
arrangements for the funeral will not be com-
pleted until they are heard from.

The death of Dr. Roach is a subject of pro-
found sorrow and regret to those who have
known him so long, and who appreciate the
life work of this charitable and enterprising
citizen, to whose labors the city is due so
much.

THE W. C. T. U.

An Interesting Meeting Yesterday After-
noon.

There was a large number of ladies present
at the meeting of the Women's Christian
Temperance Union yesterday afternoon, in the
stewards' room of Trinity church.

Mrs. M. L. McLendon presided and con-
ducted the devotional services.

The committee appointed to call upon the
Ministers' Association for assistance in enter-
taining the delegates to the national conven-
tion, reported that they found the Baptist
ministers in session last Monday, and were
very courteously received by Dr. Hawthorne.

They assured them that he would give his
heartiest co-operation in the way of securing
homes for the delegates.

The committee on entertainment reported a
large number of homes secured for the dele-
gates.

The committee on finance presented a plan
for securing funds to defray the expenses of
the entertainment.

Rev. Dr. John W. Heidt, in graphic
terms, the meeting of the Woman's Christian
Temperance Union convention in New York,
and infused renewed life into the audience by
his hopeful description.

Lectures were read from Miss Frances Wil-
lard and Mrs. W. C. Sibley, containing words
of encouragement, that were gratefully re-
ceived.

The address of Rev. T. P. Cleveland, at
Payne's chapel last Sunday, delivered to the
congregation, was reported, and contained
many telling points.

Mrs. Saul, superintendent of the railroad
work, reported that the railroad men were
very kind and attentive at the noonday ser-
vices held on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The gospel temperance meeting next Sunday
afternoon will be conducted by Rev. Dr.
Heidt, and among other interesting topics he
will give a glowing description of a meeting of
the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Georgia.
WASHINGTON, September 11.—Indications for
tomorrow: Local showers, stationary tempera-
ture, except warmer in northern portion, variable
winds.

PHOSPHATE BEDS.

STATE GEOLOGIST SPENCER SUB-
MITS HIS FIRST REPORT

After an Examination of the Beds in
Thomas County—A High Quality
of Fertilizer.

Some time ago Dr. Spencer, the state geol-
ogist, had his attention drawn to the phosphate
deposits in Thomas county by Mr. John M.
McCandless.

Mr. McCandless had made an analysis of
the phosphate rock, showing 80 to 85 per cent
of phosphate of lime.

Dr. Spencer visited the bed, and yesterday
made a report concerning them to the state
geological board. This is the first report sub-
mitted since the department was re-estab-
lished.

Dr. Spencer says:
In a letter from Mr. J. M. McCandless, dated
July 25th, my attention was called to the occurrence
of phosphates in southern Georgia. Analysis of
these showed a high quality. As these were
probably the first phosphates of importance that
have been found in Georgia, I deemed it advisable
to make an examination at the first opportunity.

In order to ascertain if the deposits justified in-
vestigation of the belt. Consequently I visited
the region and now submit my first report, which
absence, occasioned by other field work, has
delayed.

The phosphate bed is best exposed about three
miles west of Boston, on the Thomasville road
and westward, as shown on the accompanying
sketch map. As only a few points is the
deposit of phosphate seen on the surface;
but a large number of pits have been
opened by Mr. Dunwoody Jones. In these open-
ings the phosphate is found beneath a depth of 4
to 10 feet of earth, and again it is possible to
even greater depths beneath the earth's covering.

The mineral is in the form of nodules, varying
in size up to masses of 100 pounds or more. The
color is variable, ranging from white to yellow
brown and green. The nodules often make up
approximately 50 per cent or more of the bed,
which sometimes reaches a thickness of
over ten feet. In the bed with the nodules
nodules commonly occur, and even the two min-
erals are commingled. The phosphates are inter-
laid by flints, and these rest upon limestone. The
phosphate is found beneath the limestone and
limestone is lower in the rocks, and is referred
to by Dr. W. H. Dall, of Washington.

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JEWELER.

55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

HERETOFOR AND HERE

The Question Is Raised:
WHERE WILL I BUY MY
Fall and Winter
Clothing?

Don't buy common, cheaply made-up
goods which have been worn over
for several seasons, when we will sell you
NEW STYLISH CLOTHING, fast
from the hands of the makers, combining
first-class material with artistic work-
manship, at PRICES YOU WILL FIND
SATISFACTORY.

JUST ARRIVED—A Full Line of
Samples for our CUSTOM DEPART-
MENT. Some Gems among them; see
our north window.

EISEMAN & WEL,

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers,
3 Whitehall Street.

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213 MARION ST., ATLANTA, GA.
(Over Jacob's Pharmacy)

Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin
Diseases.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, im-
potence, loss of memory, effect of bad habits,
confusion of ideas, safety and permanency cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis,
sores on throat and mouth, scrofula, ery-
sipelas, eruptions, and all other skin
diseases, cured when others have failed.

URINARY, kidney and bladder troubles,
gout, rheumatism, and all other
diseases, cured when others have failed.

URETHRAL STRICTURE, permanently
cured without any cutting or cauterizing, or
dilatation, or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

A SURE CURE to young and middle-aged men
who have foolishly wasted their energies.

Dr. Bowes is a graduate of the great University
of Michigan, of twenty years' experience, and is
author of "Sixty-six cents in stamps for
"Perfect Question List" and book on diseases of
men. Enclose stamps for reply to your letter.
Call or address: 213 Marion St., Atlanta, Ga.
References: Constitution, Jacob's Pharmacy, Co.

TWO FARDONS.

One Granted Yesterday, the Other to Be
Signed Today.

John S. Sconyers, of Emanuel county, is a
free man now; his life sentence being termi-
nated by the governor's pardon.

His crime was a capital offense, and he was
convicted upon the testimony of a woman and
her daughter; and it develops after the trial
and conviction that both are common prostitu-
tes.

The jurors that found Sconyers guilty say in the petition for pardon
that the testimony of the woman and her daughter
was false and untrue, and that the character of
the woman had been brought forward on his
trial they would have acquitted him.

Walter S. Roby, who was convicted of arson
in '85, in Jasper county, will probably be par-
doned by the governor today. Roby was
charged with burning the barn of Dr. Walker,
now city physician of Macon, Ga. Walker had
been exceedingly kind to young Roby.

Roby was convicted and sentenced for thirty-
seven years. The petition in his behalf is a
very strong one. It is signed by many people
in Jasper county, where Roby has influential
and wealthy relatives. The penitentiary au-
thorities say that his behavior in the camp has
been exemplary. The guards testify that since
Roby has been wearing stripes he has developed
many noble traits of character. Captain J. W.
English supports this with a letter saying
that it is impossible for him to believe that a
man like young Roby could have committed
so heinous a crime.

The petition is unusually strong one. A
great many ladies signed it.

We do not advise a man to drink just be-
cause he can cure his Headache the next day
with Brandy.

Bowden Lithia water has 4½ grains Lithia to
every gallon.

ALL FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's
Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's
use. Cures Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, and all
bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931
Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

